



# **The Clinical Proteomic Tumor Analysis Consortium Acute Myeloid Leukemia Collection (CPTAC-AML)**

# Summary

## Redirection Notice

This page will redirect to <https://www.cancerimagingarchive.net/collection/cptac-aml/> in about 5 seconds.

This collection contains subjects from the National Cancer Institute's [Clinical Proteomic Tumor Analysis Consortium](#) Acute Myeloid Leukemia (CPTAC-AML) cohort. CPTAC is a national effort to accelerate the understanding of the molecular basis of cancer through the application of large-scale proteome and

genome analysis, or proteogenomics. Radiology and pathology images from CPTAC patients are being collected and made publicly available by The Cancer Imaging Archive to enable researchers to investigate cancer phenotypes which may correlate to corresponding proteomic, genomic and clinical data.

Imaging from each cancer type will be contained in its own TCIA Collection, with the collection name "CPTAC-cancertype". Radiology imaging is collected from standard of care imaging performed on patients immediately before the pathological diagnosis, and from follow-up scans where available. For this reason the radiology image data sets are heterogeneous in terms of scanner modalities, manufacturers and acquisition protocols. Pathology imaging is collected as part of the CPTAC qualification workflow.

All CPTAC cohorts are released as either a single combined cohort, or split into Discovery and Confirmatory where applicable. There are two main types of proteomic studies: discovery proteomics and targeted proteomics. The term "discovery proteomics" is in reference to "untargeted" identification and quantification of a maximal number of proteins in a biological or clinical sample. The term "targeted proteomics" refers to quantitative measurements on a defined subset of total proteins in a biological or clinical sample, often following the completion of discovery proteomics studies to confirm interesting targets selected. Commonly used proteomic technologies and platforms are different types of mass spectrometry and protein microarrays depending on the needs, throughput and sample input requirement of an analysis, with further development on nanotechnologies and automation in the pipeline in order to improve the detection of low abundance proteins, increase throughput, and selectively reach a target protein in vivo. Once the protein targets of interest are identified, high-throughput targeted assays are developed for confirmatory studies: tests to affirm that the initial tests were accurate. A summary of CPTAC imaging efforts can be found on the [CPTAC Imaging Proteomics](#) page.

## CPTAC Imaging Special Interest Group

You can join the [CPTAC Imaging Special Interest Group](#) to be notified of webinars & data releases, collaborate on common data wrangling tasks and seek out partners to explore research hypotheses! Artifacts from previous webinars such as slide decks and video recordings can be found on the [CPTAC SIG Webinars](#) page.

## Acknowledgements

We would like to acknowledge the individuals and institutions that have provided data for this collection:



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#### Data Access

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Data Type	Download all or Query/Filter	License
Tissue Slide Images (SVS, 378 GB)	<a href="#">Download Search</a>  (Download and apply the <a href="#">IBM-Aspera-Connect plugin</a> to your browser to retrieve this faspex package)	CC BY 3.0
Additional data elements (CSV, 17 kB)	<a href="#">Download</a>	CC BY 3.0

Click the Versions tab for more info about data releases.

## Additional Resources for this Dataset

The NCI Cancer Research Data Commons (CRDC) provides access to additional data and a cloud-based data science infrastructure that connects data sets with analytics tools to allow users to share, integrate, analyze, and visualize cancer research data.

- [Imaging Data Commons \(IDC\)](#) (Imaging Data)

### Detailed Description

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	Pathology Image Statistics
Modalities	Pathology
Number of Participants	88
Number of Images	122
Images Size (GB)	378

## A Note about TCIA and CPTAC Subject Identifiers and Dates

### Subject Identifiers:

A subject with radiology and pathology images stored in TCIA is identified with a de-identified project Patient ID that is identical to the Patient ID of the same subject with clinical, proteomic, and/or genomic data stored in other CPTAC databases and web sites.

### Dates:

The radiology imaging data is in DICOM format. To provide temporal context information aligned with events in the clinical data set for each patient, TCIA has inserted information in DICOM tag (0012,0050) *Clinical Trial Time Point ID*. This DICOM tag contains the number of days from the date the patient was initially diagnosed pathologically with the disease to the date of the scan. E.g. a scan acquired 3 days before the diagnosis would contain the value -3. A follow up scan acquired 90 days after diagnosis would contain the value 90.

The DICOM date tags (i.e. birth dates, imaging study dates, etc.) are modified per TCIA's standard process which offsets them by a random number of days. The offset is a number of days between 3 and 10 years prior to the real date that is consistent for each TCIA image-submitting site and collection, but that varies among sites and among collections from the same site. Thus, the number of days between a subject's longitudinal imaging studies are accurately preserved when more than one study has been archived while still meeting HIPAA requirements.

### Citations & Data Usage Policy

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Users must abide by the [TCIA Data Usage Policy and Restrictions](#). Attribution should include references to the following citations:



#### Data Citation

National Cancer Institute Clinical Proteomic Tumor Analysis Consortium (CPTAC). (2019). **The Clinical Proteomic Tumor Analysis Consortium Acute Myeloid Leukemia Collection (CPTAC-AML)** (Version 4) [Data set]. The Cancer Imaging Archive. <https://doi.org/10.7937/TCIA.2019.B6FOE619>



#### Acknowledgement

The CPTAC program requests that publications using data from this program include the following statement: “**Data used in this publication were generated by the National Cancer Institute Clinical Proteomic Tumor Analysis Consortium (CPTAC).**”



#### TCIA Citation

Clark, K., Vendt, B., Smith, K., Freymann, J., Kirby, J., Koppel, P., Moore, S., Phillips, S., Maffitt, D., Pringle, M., Tarbox, L., & Prior, F. (2013). **The Cancer Imaging Archive (TCIA): Maintaining and Operating a Public Information Repository.** In Journal of Digital Imaging (Vol. 26, Issue 6, pp. 1045–1057). Springer Science and Business Media LLC. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10278-013-9622-7>

## Other Publications Using This Data

TCIA maintains [a list of publications](#) that leverage TCIA data. If you have a manuscript you'd like to add please [contact TCIA's Helpdesk](#).

### Versions

#### Version 4 (Current): Updated 2020/09/03

Data Type	Download all or Query/Filter
Tissue Slide Images (SVS, 378 GB)	<a href="#">Download</a> <a href="#">Search</a>
Proteomics (web)	<a href="#">Search</a>

Changed to new Aspera download link for histopathology slides.

#### Version 3: Updated 2020/04/28

Data Type	Download all or Query/Filter
Tissue Slide Images (SVS, 378 GB)	<a href="#">Search</a>
Proteomics (web)	<a href="#">Search</a>

Added 33 pathology subjects & 50 pathology images. Future pathology data releases will include ONLY fully qualified cases.

#### Version 2: Updated 2019/12/03

Data Type	Download all or Query/Filter
Tissue Slide Images (SVS, 193 GB)	

	<a href="#">Search</a>
Proteomics (web)	<a href="#">Search</a>

Added Pathology Subjects

### Version 1: Updated 2019/01/02

Data Type	Download all or Query/Filter
Tissue Slide Images (SVS, 193 GB)	<a href="#">Search</a>
Proteomics (web)	<a href="#">Search</a>

Added this descriptor for pathology slides. At this time there are no DICOM radiological imaging files.